## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 30, 1998

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1997-98 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1922

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Firestone**

February 17, 1998

An act to repeal and add Section 387 of the Penal Code, relating to corporate criminal liability. An act to amend Section 96 of, and to add Section 96.5 to, the Penal Code, relating to obstruction of justice.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1922, as amended, Firestone. Corporate criminal law Obstruction of justice: judicial officials.

Under existing law, a juror, or person summoned as a juror, or chosen arbitrator or umpire, or appointed referee, who either makes a promise or agreement to give a verdict or decision for or against any party, or willfully and corruptly permits any communication to be made to him or her, or receives any book, paper, instrument, or information relating to any cause or matter pending before him or her, except according to the regular course of proceedings, is punishable by a specified fine or imprisonment.

This bill would apply these criminal penalties to a judicial officer and court commissioner and would expand the crime with respect to all applicable parties to include solicitation of communications and the specified information. The bill also would add provisions that would make it a crime with specified criminal penalties for any person, to knowingly

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pervert or obstruct justice or the due administration of laws. The bill additionally would impose greater penalties for these actions where committed by a judicial officer, court commissioner, referee, arbitrator, or umpire, or any person authorized by law to hear or determine any question or controversy. By creating new crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Existing law provides that a corporation, limited liability company, or person who is a manager with respect to a product, facility, equipment, process, place of employment, or business practice, is guilty of a misdemeanor or felony, if the corporation, limited liability company, or manager has actual knowledge of a serious concealed danger that is subject to the regulatory authority of an appropriate agency and is associated with that product or a component of that product or business practice and knowingly fails, within 15 days of acquiring the actual knowledge or immediately if there is imminent risk of great bodily harm or death, to inform the Division of Occupational Safety and Health and warn its affected employees, as specified.

This bill would revise and recast this provision to redefine the terms used.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no yes. State-mandated local program: no yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
- 2 SECTION 1. Section 96 of the Penal Code is amended 3 to read:
- 4 96. Every juror, judicial officer, court commissioner,
- 5 or person drawn or summoned as a juror, or chosen
- 6 arbitrator or umpire, or appointed referee, except
- 7 pursuant to the regular course of proceedings, w

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either: One--Makes (a) makes any promise or agreement to give a verdict or decision for or against any party; or, Two--Willfully (b) willfully and corruptly solicits or permits any communication to be made to him or her, or solicits or receives any book, paper, instrument, information relating to any cause or matter pending before him or her, except according to the regular course of proceedings, is punishable by fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by imprisonment in the 10 state prison. 11

SEC. 2. Section 96.5 is added to the Penal Code to read:

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- 96.5. (a) Every person who commits any act that he 14 or she knows, or should have known, perverts or obstructs 15 justice or the due administration of laws shall be punished 16 by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by imprisonment in the state prison, in a county jail not 18 exceeding one year, or by both that fine 19 *imprisonment*.
- (b) Every judicial officer, court commissioner, 21 referee, arbitrator, or umpire, or any person authorized 22 by law to hear or determine any question or controversy, 23 who commits any act that he or she knows, or should have perverts or obstructs justice or the administration of the laws, is guilty of a felony punishable by two, three, or four years in the state prison.
  - (c) Nothing in this section prohibits prosecution under any other law.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act 30 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 31 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 32 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 33 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 34 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 35 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 36 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 37 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.
- 39 Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government 40 Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act

shall become operative on the same date that the act takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.

All matter omitted in this version of the billappears in the billas introduced in the Assembly, February 17, 1998 (JR 11)